

Markscheme

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Classical Greek

Standard level

Paper 2

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Option A — Homer

Extract 1 Homer, *Odyssey* 22.200–223

- 1. (a) They put on their armour [1]; closed the door [1] and went to Odysseus [1].
 - (b) Award [1] each up to [3] for any of the following: he was glad [1]; and spoke [1]; asking for aid [1]. Because he knew it was Athena in disguise. [1].
 - (c) Mark only for length of syllables. Award [1] per line if all correct; [0] otherwise.
 - (d) When Odysseus and Telemachus are killed (τούτους κτέωμεν **or** κτέωμεν ... πατερα και υίον) [1]; the suitors will kill Mentor (σὺ τοῖσιν ἕπειτα πεφήσεαι) [1]; if he helps them as he plans (οἷα μενοινᾶς ἔρδειν) [1].
 - (e) Whatsoever Mentor possesses (κτήμαθ' ὁπόσσα τοί έστι) [1] will be mingled with Odysseus's (τοῖσιν Ὀδυσσῆος μεταμίξομεν) [1], his sons will not be allowed to live in their home (ούδέ τοι υἷας ζώειν έν μεγάροισιν έάσομεν,)[1] nor the daughters and wife to live in Ithaca (ούδέ θύγατρας ούδ' ἄλοχον κεδνὴν Ἰθάκης κατὰ ἄστυ πολεύειν) allow for the construction of οὐδέ θύγατρας with either of the final two points" [1].

Total: [15]

Option A — Homer

Extract 2 Homer, *Odyssey* 22.446–467

- 2. (a) Award [1] each up to [2] for any of the following: they came out/into the hall [1]; weeping/wailing [1]; and crying [1].
 - (b) The tables and chairs were cleaned (θρόνους ήδὲ τραπέζας κάθαιρον) [1]; with water and sponges (ὕδατι καὶ σπόγγοισι)[1]; the floor was scraped (δάπεδον ξῦον) [1]; and the waste taken outside (ἐφόρεον δμωαί **or** τιθεσαν θυραζε)" [1].
 - (c) They were placed in a narrow space (έν στείνει) [1] so they could not escape(οὕ πως ἦεν άλύξαι) or: between the thalos and the fence (μεσσηγύς τε θόλου καὶ ἔρκεος)) [1].
 - (d) He does not wish a clean death [1] for the women [1] who brought shame to himself and his mother [1] and who slept with the suitors [1].
 - (e) Award [3] if the meaning has been fully communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered correctly. Award [2] if the meaning has been communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered adequately despite inaccuracies. Award [1] if the meaning has not been communicated adequately, and vocabulary and grammar are not rendered adequately. Award [0] if the work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors above.

Option B — History

Extract 3 Thucydides, *The Peloponnesian War* 7.81–7.82

- **3.** (a) He was harder pressed [1] because he was in the rear [1] and being engaged by the enemy first [1].
 - (b) He did not advance (ού προυχώρει) [1] but set his troops in battle order (ές μάχην ξυνετάσσετο) [1]; they were outflanked/encircled (κυκλοῦταί) [1] and thrown into confusion (έν θορύβω ἦσαν) [1].
 - (c) Award [3] if the meaning has been fully communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered correctly. Award [2] if the meaning has been communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered adequately despite inaccuracies. Award [1] if the meaning has not been communicated adequately, and vocabulary and grammar are not rendered adequately. Award [0] if the work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors above.
 - (d) Award [1] up to [3] for any of the following: because their success was certain; they didn't want to throw away/risk their lives; they hoped to capture enemies.
 - (e) They would free (έπ' έλευθερία) [1] any islanders (τῶν νησιωτῶν τις) [1] who chose to change sides (ὡς σφᾶς ἀπιέναι) [1].

Option B — History

Extract 4 Thucydides, The Peloponnesian War 7.84

- 4. (a) Because they were beset on all sides (βιαζόμενοι πανταχόθεν or πανταχόθεν βαλλοντες τε και κατακοντιζοντες) [1]; because they thought it would be somewhat easier to go that way (οίόμενοι ῥᾶόν τι ἔσεσθαι) [1]; because they were weary (ὑπὸ τῆς ταλαιπωρίας) [1] and because they were thirsty (τοῦ πιεῖν ἐπιθυμία) [1].
 - (b) Award [1] up to [4] for any of the following: They rushed without order; the pursuing enemy made a crossing harder; they were forced to cross in groups; they fell; they trampled each other; they perished; they were swept downstream.
 - (c) They shot at them with arrows (ἔβαλλον) [1]; from the river bank/above/the steep river bank (τὰ ἐπὶ θάτερά τε τοῦ ποταμοῦ/ἄνωθεν/κρημνῶδες) [1] while the Athenians were drinking and quarreling/in disarray (πίνοντάς τε... καὶ ταρασσομένους) [1].
 - (d) They slaughtered the Athenians savagely (or other for $\mu\alpha\lambda\iota\sigma\tau\alpha$) [1]; while they were in the river [1].
 - (e) Blood/gore [1]; mud [1].

Option C — Tragedy

Extract 5 Sophocles, Ajax 44-73

- **5.** (a) He approached at night (νύκτωρ) [1]; stealthily (δόλιος) [1]; alone (μόνος) [1] at the double gates (πὶ δισσαῖς πύλαις) [1].
 - (b) She put a desire to kill into him [1] and turned his rage against the cattle [1].
 - (c) He fell upon (the cattle) (είσπεσὼν) [1]; he chopped them (ἕκειρε) [1]; slicing their spines (ῥαχίζων) [1]; attacking one then another (ἄλλοτ' ἄλλον έμπίτνων) [1].
 - (d) He led them back to the hut (είς δόμους κομίζεται) [1]; and tortured them (αίκίζεται) [1].
 - (e) Award [3] if the meaning has been fully communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered correctly. Award [2] if the meaning has been communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered adequately despite inaccuracies. Award [1] if the meaning has not been communicated adequately, and vocabulary and grammar are not rendered adequately. Award [0] if the work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors above.

Total: [15]

Option C — Tragedy

Extract 6 Sophocles, *Philoctetes* 1004–1028

- (a) He snuck up upon him (μ' ὑπῆλθες) [1]; hunted him (μ' έθηράσω) [1]; grabbed Neoptolemus/the boy (λαβὼν παῖδα) [1]. Accept having evil thoughts, or similar (μηδὲν ὑγιὲς μηδ' έλεύθερον φρονῶν).
 - (b) Mark only for length of syllables. Award [1] per line if all correct; [0] otherwise.
 - (c) Odysseus's evil spirit [1]; made Neoptolemus go against his nature [1]; act unwillingly [1]; and to do evil deeds [1]. Accept more literal answers.
 - (d) Odysseus will live happily (γέγηθας ζῶν) [1]; while he lives in pain (ἀλγύνομαι **or** ζῶ σὺν κακοῖς) [1]: mocked (γελώμενος) [1].
 - (e) When the fleet set out for Troy [1] Odysseus was not willing [1] while Philoctetes was (or brought seven ships) [1]. Accept more literal answers.

Option E — Women

Extract 7 Euripides, *Iphigenia at Aulis* 1416–1444

- 7. (a) Do not be slain (μὴ θνῆσκε) [1]; or slay anyone (ἀποκτείνης τινά) [1]; let her save Hellas (ἔα σῷσαί μ' Ἑλλάδ') [1].
 - (b) Award [3] if the meaning has been fully communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered correctly. Award [2] if the meaning has been communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered adequately despite inaccuracies. Award [1] if the meaning has not been communicated adequately, and vocabulary and grammar are not rendered adequately. Award [0] if the work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors above.
 - (c) Mark only for length of syllables. Award [1] per line if all correct; [0] otherwise.
 - (d) He will go to the altar [1]; of the goddess / Artemis [1]; armed [1]; and wait for lphigenia [1].
 - (e) She is not to be mourned (μήτ' πλόκαμον έκτέμης **or** μήτ' μέλανας άμπίσχη πέπλους) [1]; the altar will be her tomb (βωμὸς θεᾶς μοι μνῆμα) [1]; she will be saved (σέσωσμαι) [1].

Total: [15]

Option E — Women

Extract 8 Plato, Republic 454d-455a

- 8. (a) A male and a female [1]; physician [1]; have the same nature [1].
 - (b) Award [3] if the meaning has been fully communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered correctly. Award [2] if the meaning has been communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered adequately despite inaccuracies. Award [1] if the meaning has not been communicated adequately, and vocabulary and grammar are not rendered adequately. Award [0] if the work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors above.
 - (c) If males and females are distinct for pursuits (έὰν πρὸς τέχνην έπιτήδευμα διαφέρον) [1]; they ought to be assigned respectively (τοῦτο ἑκατέρῳ δεῖν ἀποδιδόναι) [1]; but if they differ only with respect to child-bearing (τῷ τὸ μὲν θῆλυ τίκτειν, τὸ δὲ ἄρρεν όχεύειν) [1]; they ought to do the same things (δεῖν τὰ αὐτὰ έπιτηδεύειν) [1]. Accept other quotations that support relevant analysis of the argument.
 - (d) With respect to what art or skill in politics (τίνα τέχνην ἢ τί ἐπιτήδευμα τῶν περὶ πόλεως) [1] the nature of male and female is different (ἐτέρα φύσις γυναικός τε καὶ ἀνδρός). [1].
 - (e) A satisfactory answer is hard to find [1] quickly/suddenly [1] but easier with time for reflection [1].

Option G — Barbarians

Extract 9 Aeschylus, *Persae* 189–214

- 9. (a) He attempted to placate them (κατεῖχε κάπράυνεν) [1]; yoked them to a chariot (ἄρμασιν δ΄ ὕπο ζεύγνυσιν) [1], and placed collar straps on their necks (λέπαδν' ἐπ' αὐχένων τίθησι) [1].
 - (b) One woman was proud to be in the harness [1]; and took the bit easily [1]; the other became violent [1]; and broke the reins/yoke/chariot [1]. Accept less literal answers that capture the contrast in behaviour.
 - (c) Mark only for length of syllables. Award [1] per line if all correct; [0] otherwise.
 - (d) To make an offering [1] of sacrificial cake [1] to the divinities that avert evil [1].
 - (e) She saw a hawk (κίρκον) [1] pursuing an eagle (αίετὸν) [1] fleeing to Apollo's altar (φεύγοντ' πρὸς ἐσχάραν) or other relevant details supported by quotation [1].

Total: [15]

Option G — Barbarians

Extract 10 Herodotus, Histories 2.41

- 10. (a) Award [3] if the meaning has been fully communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered correctly. Award [2] if the meaning has been communicated, and vocabulary and grammar are rendered adequately despite inaccuracies. Award [1] if the meaning has not been communicated adequately, and vocabulary and grammar are not rendered adequately. Award [0] if the work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors above.
 - (b) Cows are thrown (τὰς θηλέας ἀπιεῖσι) [1] in the river (ές τὸν ποταμὸν) [1]; bulls are buried (τοὺς δὲ ἔρσενας κατορύσσουσι) [1]; outside the city (έν τοῖσι προαστείοισι) or with horn(s) exposed (τὸ κέρας ὑπερέχοντα) [1].
 - (c) Award [1] up to [2] for any of the following: It is an island (νήσου); in the Delta (έν τῷ Δέλτα); nine schoeni in circumference (περίμετρον αὐτῆς σχοῖνοι έννέα); it has many towns (πόλιες συχναί).
 - (d) Boats come from there [1] to collect bull bones [1]; there is a temple to Aphrodite [1].
 - (e) Different boats go to different towns (πολλοὶ ἄλλοι ές ἄλλας πόλις) [1]; to collect bones (άνορύξαντες δὲ τὰ όστέα) [1]; and carry them to one place (άπάγουσι ές ἔνα χῶρον) [1].